NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NOMINATION, GLACIER NATIONAL PARK

REGION:	Rocky Mountain	PARK/AREA NAME: G.	lacier National Par	K PARK N	UMBER: 1430
STRUCTURE	E NAME: Lower Park (Creek Patrol Cabin		STRUCTURE N	UMBER: 627
	OF STRUCTURE: East past crossing of E Zone Easting Northin 12 311500 5356500	Fielding-Coal Creeking Zone Easting	Trail	NAME: Esse	
Pr Pr Pr	CATION: HIP OF PROPERTY: rivate ublic-Local ublic-State ublic-Federal ixed/private & public	CATEGORY: x Building(s) District Site Structure Object	CONTRIBUTING N	RESOURCES: NONCONTRIBUTIE	NG Buildings Sites Structures Objects TOTAL
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The Low	OF SIGNIFICANCE: wer Park Creek patrol ally and historically g on the National Reg	7. Therefore, it m	eets the eligibilit	y requirement	

FORM PREPARED BY:

DATE: June 1984

NAME/TITLE:

BIBLIOGRAPHIC REFERENCE:

ORGANIZATION: Historical Research Associates, P.O. Box 7086, Missoula, MT 59807-7086

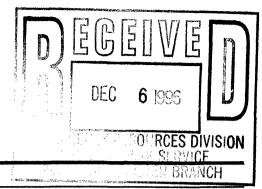
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3. State/Federal Agency Certification

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (addendum), Flathead County, MT.



As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservat meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the Part 80. In my opinion, the property X meets does not meet statewide _X locally. (See continuation sheet for additional contents and the contents of the contents	ne National Register of Historic Places and me et the National Register Criteria. I recommend	eets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 38
I tanthlo		12.5.95
Signature of certifying official/Title		Date
National Park Service		
State or Federal agency or bureau		
Signature of commenting or other official Montana State Historic Preservation Office State or Federal agency and bureau 4. National Park Service Certification		SEP 2 9 1995 Date
I, hereby certify that this property is:	Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
entered in the National Register see continuation sheet		
determined eligible for the National Register		
determined not eligible for the National Register		
removed from the National Register see continuation sheet		
other (explain)	M and Carried	- Jualar
Additional Documentation Accepted	BuyM. Lapsce	1/19/70

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number

7 Page 2

Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (addendum), Flathead County, MT.

Building Interior

The Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. Additional documentation is provided below for the purpose of describing and evaluating the interior for integrity and significance.

7. Narrative Description

Summary

Beginning in the 1920s, patrol or "snowshoe" cabins were constructed from a standardized plan, modified to fit each site's unique terrain and the available building materials. Glacier National Park's cabins were of "substantially the same design" as those used in Yellowstone National Park. The Yellowstone cabins were, in turn, close replicas of USFS patrol cabins that mimicked the design of trappers' cabins. The patrol cabins were constructed one-day's travel (8-12 miles) apart, providing shelter for rangers patrolling the park's vast backcountry.

Due to their remote locations, the cabins were generally constructed of locally harvested log; interior walls were unfinished yet often chinked with saplings. The Slide Lake Cabin, only one and one half miles from a road along the sparsely timbered east flank of the Rocky Mountain Front, and the Fielding Cabin, one quarter mile from the Burlington Northern railroad tracks, are the only cabins of frame construction. Softwood shiplap planks of varied width (some as narrow as three inches, some as wide as twelve inches, most four to six inches) covered the floors. A trap door constructed of floor planks provided access to the requisite bear/rodent/frost-proof cellar, finished with poured concrete/mesh and stocked with a minimum supply of rations. Ceilings were open truss, exposing log purlins and heavy roof boards. Windows and doors were fitted wood frame, set within the log wall without surrounds; in part due to the small size of the units, the small multi-light windows were a significant design element. Doors were generally vertical-plank with cross-braces, constructed on site and secured with iron hinges, latches, and bolts. The easily accessed Fielding Patrol Cabin was fitted with a paneled door.

Furnishings were also standard, the result of similar use and space limitations. The door of the large frame wall-mounted cupboard was bottom hinged and fitted with two folding legs; when opened it provided a table. Metal hooks or shelves, strategically located, provided support for oil lamps. Bunk beds — the upper often of a "suspended fold-up design" — maximized the limited space. A single stove provided heat as well as a cooking surface.

Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (#627), 1925

This one-room backcountry building, a day's hike north from the Theodore Roosevelt Highway, matches the basic patrol cabin design. The sole entry, offset in the west elevation, is constructed of an interior layer of

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number

7, 8, Photographs

Page 3

Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (addendum), Flathead Co., MT.

7" vertical boards (secured with horizontal and diagonal braces) and an exterior layer of 5" horizontal boards. The "hardware" appears to be both historic and makeshift: a metal latch pin and a metal handle secured with driftwood. Seven-inch shiplap, painted grey, covers the floor. A trap door, also constructed of 7" shiplap, provides access to the cement-lined root cellar. Interior walls are log, with square crowns and chinked with split sapling nailed in place. As is standard in log buildings, there are no window or door surrounds and the wood-frame casings are exposed; the south window casing appears to have been reconstructed. The ceiling is open to the roof, exposing nine purlins (in contrast to the more standard five-seven), and 12" roof planks. Modifications to these original finishes include an original stove-vent exit in the northeast corner, now screened over; a piece of corrugated sheeting on one purlin; and a space between the wall and ceiling (near the door) that has been stuffed with kindling and screened.

Furnishings are standard: a pair of snowshoes hangs from the ceiling; open shelves line the northwest corner; a large wall-mounted food cupboard with fold out table is offset along the north wall. The wood stove, paired with metal hearth and wall shield, is located in the northeast corner, and metal-frame bunkbeds line the south wall. Miscellaneous furnishings and supplies include, bedding storage boxes, folding chairs, a Coleman stove atop a table constructed of shiplap planks, Coleman lanterns suspended from ceiling hooks, and trail maintenance tools.

8. Statement of Significance

The interior is essentially unmodified and contributes to the building's significance.

Photographs

1) Photographer:

Jason Wilmot

2) Date of Photographs:

June 1993

3) Location of Negatives:

National Park Service, RMR-RC, Denver, CO.

PHOTO NUMBER	STRUCTURE NAME AND NUMBER	LOCATION/DIRECTION OF VIEW
1	Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (#627)	Interior-note corner notching
2	Lower Park Creek Patrol Cabin (#627)	Interior-fold down table (possibly a modern version)